

Skull decidedly larger than that of *E. alleni*, the brain-case much longer, but not, as is the case in the next species, much broader. Supraorbital edges square, but without beading. Palatal foramina longer than in *E. alleni*, and bullæ larger.

Dimensions of the type (measured as a spirit-specimen before skinning):—

Head and body 77 mm.; tail 140; hind foot 17.5; ear 15.

Skull: greatest length 24.8; condylo-incisive length 23.4; zygomatic breadth 12.3; nasals 8.2; interorbital breadth 4.3; breadth of brain-case 11.2; palatilar length 10.6; palatal foramina 5.1; upper molar series 4.

Hab. Congo and Cameroons. Type from the Ituri Forest between Mawambi and Avakubi, Eastern Congo. Others from Efulen and Ja River, Cameroons.

Type. Adult female. B.M. no. 7. 1. 2. 23. Collected in 1906 by R. B. Woosnam, and presented by the Subscribers to the Ruwenzori Expedition.

Compared with the true *E. alleni* of Fernando Po (of which the Fernando Po Expedition of 1904 obtained an adult topotype clearly identical with the young type of the species) this mainland form is markedly larger, with a longer brain-case, and has not the disproportionally short muzzle of that form. From *E. carillus* it differs by having 8 instead of 6 mammæ.

Epimys æta, sp. n.

General appearance of *E. alleni*. Brain-case very large and broad.

Proportions as in *E. alleni*. Colour above rather more buffy than "wood-brown"; sides clearer buffy, forming a buffy line along the edge of the abdominal colour, which is well-defined white, the bases of the hairs pale slaty. Ears rather smaller than in *alleni*, grey-brown. Hands whitish; feet with whitish edges and digits, middle line of metatarsus darker. Tail uniformly brown.

Skull with a very large brain-case, shaped somewhat like that of a *Nyctomys*; the interorbital region broad, with well-defined supraorbital beads, which extend backwards half across the parietals. Muzzle small and slender. Anteorbital plate very slightly projected forward, though more so than in *alleni*. Palatal foramina longer and bullæ larger than in *alleni*. Molars narrow, of the rather *Uromys*-like shape found in this group of mice; inner cusp of second lamina of m^1 and m^2 elongated antero-posteriorly.

Dimensions of the type (measured in flesh) :—

Head and body 85 mm.; tail 102; hind foot 17; ear 14.

Skull: greatest length 24·1; condylo-incisive length 21·7; nasals 7·7; interorbital breadth 4·6; breadth of brain-case 11·6; palatilar length 10·6; diastema 7; palatal foramina 5·1; upper molar series 4·5.

Hab. Bitye, Ja River, S.E. Cameroons.

Type. Adult female. B.M. no. 11. 5. 5. 11. Original number 517. Collected 29th October, 1910, by Mr. G. L. Bates. Another, younger, specimen obtained in 1901 at Efulen, Cameroons.

Like as this pretty little mouse is to *E. alleni* and *E. stella* externally, the resemblance is only superficial, and its large *Nyctomys*-like brain-case, well-defined supraorbital ridges, and larger molars separate it readily from those species.

Georychus kummi, sp. n.

Near *G. ochraceo-cinereus*.

General external appearance as in *G. lechei*. Size rather smaller. Fur of medium length; hairs of back about 7 mm. Colour slaty grey, rather less brown than in *G. lechei*, not in any way sandy or "ochraceous." Coronal white spot smaller than in *lechei*, and not extended posteriorly as a white line on the nape. Belly with a white median line.

Skull very much as in *G. ochraceo-cinereus*, smaller than that of *G. lechei*; nasals not expanded mesially, their sides parallel from front nearly to back; orbits defined behind by strongly marked postorbital processes, interorbital breadth slightly less than intertemporal. Lambdoid crest well developed, continued directly across skull without the median anterior inflection so marked in *lechei*. Postero-external angles of zygomata strongly marked. Diastema comparatively short. Bullæ small.

Dimensions of the type :—

Hind foot (s. u.) 29 mm.

Skull: condylo-basal length 42·4; condylo-incisive length 44·6; zygomatic breadth 31·5; nasals $15·2 \times 3·2$; interorbital breadth 9; breadth across postorbital processes 13; intertemporal breadth 9·2; mastoid breadth 20·8; palatilar length 24·7; diastema 12·6; upper tooth-series (crowns) 7·7.

Hab. French Shari Protectorate, about 8° N., 22° E., on the Ironstone Plateau. Alt. 2000'.

Type. Old female. B.M. no. 11. 4. 2. 1. Collected and presented by Dr. H. Karl W. Kumm, of the Soudan United Mission.